

ルービック・キューブの楽しみ方いろいろ 一手で動かす楽しみと群論・J立体グラフィックスー

西川 利男

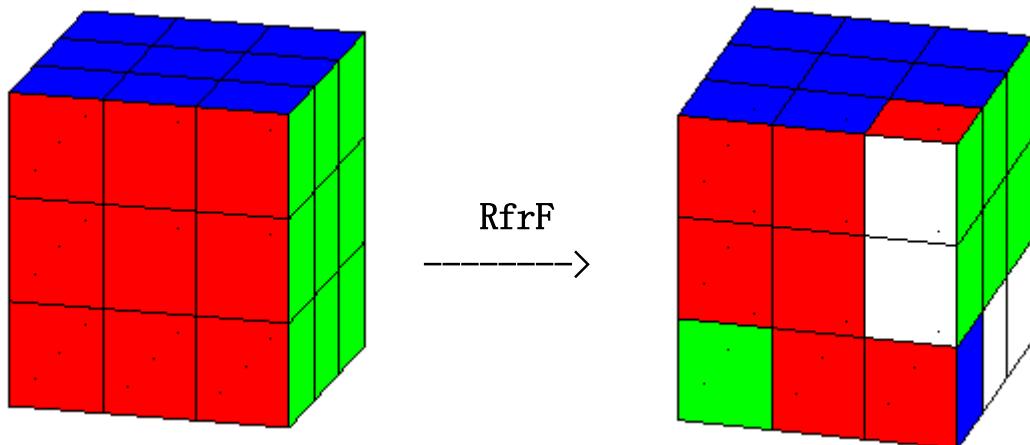
ルービック・キューブには、実際に手を持って動かして遊ぶ楽しみがあり、同時に群論の応用としての解析、さらにはJ-OpenGLによる立体グラフィックスのダイナミックなシミュレーションなど、いろいろな楽しみ方がある。

先日、志村正人氏から私宛にルービック・キューブのJプログラムの問い合わせが来たということで、すでに数年前、JAPLA研究会で、数回にわたって発表した私のレポートをあらためて精査してみた。

今回は、まずルービック・キューブを動かす楽しみを第一の視点として易しく紹介し、群論による解析やJグラフィックスの詳細は、先のレポートを随時参照していくだけないようにした。

1. ルービック・キューブを動かしてみよう

ルービック・キューブは $3 \times 3 \times 3$ の色分けされた小片(Cubeletなどと呼ぶ)から成る一種のサイコロで遊ぶパズル・ゲームである。面と回転操作の名前及び色わけの仕方にはいろいろとあるが、ここでは日本での解説書などで標準とされている方式(かつての国際標準)を用いた。たとえば、前(赤)F面の右下のコーナーキューブを右上に移動する操作の記述は以下のようにする。



Rubik Cube の面の名前	上(青)U, 前(赤)F, (緑)R, 左(黄)L, 後(橙)B, 下(白)D
Rubik Cube の操作 …	面に対応して名付けられている。
コーナーキューブの回転	上面での反時計 u, 時計 U、前面での反時計 f, 時計 F 右面での反時計 r, 時計 R、左面での反時計 l, 時計 L 後面での反時計 b, 時計 B、下面での反時計 d, 時計 D
エッジキューブの回転	中央(middle) 左面から見て反時計 m, 時計 M、 側面(side) 前面から見て反時計 s, 時計 S、

横面(equator) 上面から見て反時計 e, 時計 E

2. ルービック・キューブの揃え方の基本

以前に発表したレポートから、引用する。

ルービック・キューブの攻略法の流れと定石

ルービック・キューブの攻略法にはいろいろあるが、ここでは一番標準的なコーナー・エッジ法をとりあげた。これは「宝島社」の攻略本で、ツクダ式として操作が丁寧に図で説明されている。

その攻略法の大きな流れは、上段をはじめに揃えて、次に下段を揃え、最後に中段を揃えて完成させる。

(1.1) 上段のコーナ・キューブの位置と向きを揃える。必要に応じて下段から持ってくる。

(1.2) 上段のエッジ・キューブの位置と向きを揃える。必要に応じて下段、中段から持ってくる。

(2.1) 下段のコーナ・キューブの位置を揃える。ついで向きを揃える。

(2.2) 下段のエッジ・キューブの位置と向きを揃える。

(3) 中段のエッジ・キューブの位置と向きを揃える。

最初は上段のキューブを揃えるとき、中段、下段のキューブの位置、向きに相当影響がでるが(副作用)、これは無視してよい。しかし、下段、中段では、今までそろったキューブに影響を与えないよう移動することが必要になる。そのようなことも含めて、多くのキューブ移動の定石がある。

実際のルービック・キューブでは、それなりの定石があるが、いろいろ試しつつ、やってみるしかない。簡単に行かないことが楽しみにもなるのだろう。

3. ルービック・キューブと群論そしてJ

ルービック・キューブの操作の攻略法はだれでも究めたいところである。

ところが、これがなかなか難しい! 数学としては群論の助けを借りることになる。

ここでも、以前のレポートから採録する。

群論とルービック・キューブ

群論とは(数学そのものがそうだが)、図形や構造の運動を考察するのに、同じ運動を示す(数学的には同形写像 isomorphism と言う)数式の演算処理を利用する考え方のツールだと言えよう。つまり解析幾何と同じに数式の演算のほうが楽だからである。ルービック・キューブに限らず立体幾何の問題はユークリッドやピタゴラスの天才には易しくても、ふつうの頭には至難のわざである。しかし、現代のコンピュータを使った演算ならわれわれにも可能である。群論はそういう道具なのではないだろうか。

ルービック・キューブの解析の難しさのポイントは次の点にある。

ルービック・キューブの各 cubelet (位置、色) の移動は、本来

3 次元空間内における運動 $(x(t), y(t), z(t))$ である。



これを、文字、記号の置き換えとして計算する。

つまり群論の置換群である。この考え方が、同型写像(Isomorphism)と呼ばれ、群論が数学の他の分野と違った価値観を持ち、有能な理由である。

Jと群論

さらに、われわれにとって、有利なことは、群論の置換操作はJのプリミティブの動詞C.として備えられている。なお、群の元つまり操作とはJと同じく動詞である。

ルービック・キューブとJ

つまるところ、ルービック・キューブの動きは、Jでプログラムすることが出来る、ということになる。加えて、JのOpenGL機能により3次元のグラフィックス・システムが可能になる。

4. J602によるルービック・キューブのプログラム

ルービック・キューブの動作シミュレーションのプログラムは最初はJ3で始めたが次にJ-OpenGLによりJ4で開発した。最後にJ6版にも移植して、動くことを確かめた。

J6では、利用の便利さからつぎのようにUSB上にプログラムを格納している。

```
¥j602¥Open System¥j602-User¥user¥OpGLN_RubikJ6. ijs  
プログラムを実行するには
```

```
run ''
```

とすると、宝島社、「頭を鍛える」版の色設定で実行される。

プログラムでは、ルービック・キューブの単独の操作だけでなく、一連の連続操作をプログラムとしてあらかじめ入力した後、一括操作する機能を持たせた。さらに、有名な「ルービック・マヌーバ」などの定石も行えるようにした。

以下にプログラム実行のいろいろなオプション引数を示す。

NB. run '' => 宝島社「頭を鍛える」色設定

NB. run 0 => 島内 色設定

NB. run 1 => 宝島社「頭を鍛える」色設定

NB. run 10, 0 => 宝島社「頭を鍛える」色設定 + 操作コマンド Joyner 方式

NB. run 10, 1 => 宝島社「頭を鍛える」色設定 + 操作コマンド色表示

ルービック・キューブのJプログラム操作のいろいろな方法

最初にあげた、ルービック操作コマンドの文字を用いるが、いろいろな方法がある。

(0) 直接入力実行

例えばR f r Fのように入力すると、ただちに回転、実行され、表示が変わる。

このとき、ルービック・キューブ全体はいろいろ視点を変えて、観察できる。

X, x => 左右、 Y, y => 上下、 Z, z => 反時計回転、時計回転

(1) 入力窓(Input Edit Box)への文字列入力

(1.1) 例えばR f r F(CR)のように入力した後

Autoボタンのクリックで、一括でルービック操作

Stepボタンのクリックで、1ステップずつルービック操作

なお、実際の動きはキューブをrbxとして、次のように操作されることに注意。

F (r (f (R rbx))) … 関数として、右から順次実行

(1.2) calc 'F2 L2 U2 (F2 L2)3 U2 F2' (CR) のように入力した後

Compileボタンを押すと、繰り返し、かつこが展開されるので

FF LL UU FF LL FF LL FF LL UU LL FF さらに(CR)を打って

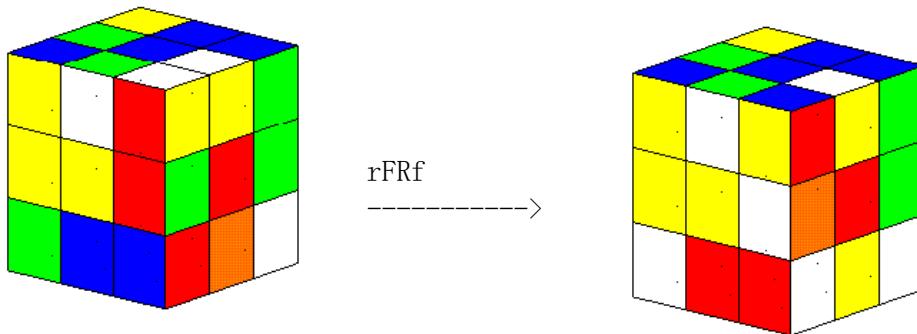
後はAuto, Stepボタンで操作を行う。

(1.3) 定石「ルービック・マヌーバ」などは

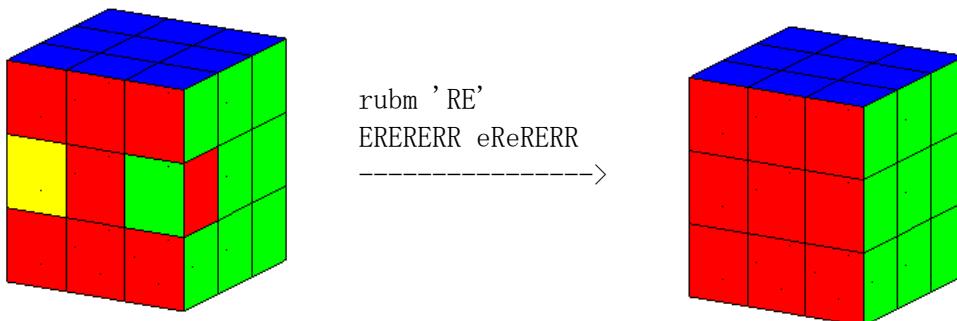
`rumb'FE'`、`rumb'RE'`、`rumb'FM'` などと入力して行える。
Joyner の本、宝島社の本からいろいろな定石プログラムを定義してある。

5. OpenGLによる3Dグラフィックスの実際

ルービック・キューブの操作を3Dグラフィックスの実行の実際を示す。
いろいろ動かして、左図のようになった。次に黄色面の右下コーナ・キューブ青を上段に移動したい。ここで、定石 `rFRf` を使って移動させると、右図のようになる。



上段が揃ったら攻略法として、下段のコーナ、エッジ、最後に中段と揃えて行く。
大切なことは、この段階ではすでに揃ったキューブレットの配置を崩さないで、進め
て行かなくてはならない。ここでルービック・マヌーバと呼ばれるすばらしい定石の
効果を示す。最後に残った2つのキューブレットの位置を変えず向きだけを変える。



文献

- [1] 西川利男「J-OpenGLによるルービック・キューブの3Dグラフィックス」
JAPLA研究会資料 2011/10/22
- [2] 西川利男「J言語からの群論の理解ーその2」 JAPLA研究会資料 2011/11/26
「J言語からの群論の理解ーその3ー直接置換、巡回置換、互換、隣接互換ー」
JAPLAシンポジウム資料 2011/12/10
- [3] D. Joyner, 川辺治之訳「群論の味わいー置換群で解き明かすルービック・
キューブと15パズル」共立出版(2010).
- [4] 「頭を鍛えるルービックキューブ完全解析！」宝島社(2007).
- [5] 西川利男「技術数学に向けての群論のすすめールービック・キューブで学ぶ群論
と3Dコンピュータ・シミュレーションー」日本技術史教育学会、2012年度総会.
- [6] 西川利男、中野嘉弘、林雄二「J言語によるウィンドウズ・プログラミング

ールービック・キューブのシミュレーション」北海道情報大学紀要 10, 11
(1998).

ルービック・キューブの J602 プログラム・リスト 付 1. OpenGL_RubikJ3. ijs のプログラム構成

- ・キューブレットの色指定
各種の起動に対応
- ・AA ウィンドウフォーム設定値
- ・run = aa_run ウィンドウフォームの表示とプログラム起動

OpenGL による起動時自動実行

```
aa_paint ... OpenGL 画面の表示
    draw_rubik
        face_col 色データ polygon 3D 空間上で正方形描画
    draw_frame
        face_frame fpolygon 3D 空間上で正方形輪郭
```

aa_char ... OpenGL 画面上でのキー入力と関連操作

```
表示画像の回転 ... x, X, y, Y, z, Z
ルービック操作(Joyner) ... u, U, l, L, f, F, r, R, b, B, d, D;
    中抜き回転 ... m, M, s, S, e, E
ルービック操作(色指定) ... b, B, k, K, r, R, g, G, o, O, w, W
    col2fac(色入力用), colx(色出力用)で変換
sel_col ... ルービック操作プログラム
    「ルービック・キューブの色の動き=群の置換操作」
    色表示文字列 RUBX を J のプリミティブ C. で置換演算を行う
```

aa_size ... OpenGL 画面の大きさの設定

- ・エディットボックス入力 ...
 プログラムの入力 Program
- ・ボタン実行 ...
 COMPILE ... プログラムのコンパイル(calc)
 AUTO 一括実行
 STEP ステップ実行
 CLEAR

付2. J4からJ6プログラム(OpGLN_RubikJ6.ijs)への変更のポイント

1. J4→J6の仕様の差によるもの

動詞の引数 y. →y, x. →x, u. →u, v. →v

名詞の定義 グローバル(=:)に

2. J4(直接のOpenGL)からJ6(オブジェクト指向のOpenGL)へ

インクルード・ファイル

(J4) require 'gl3' → (J6) require 'opengl gl3'
coinsert 'jg13'

フォーム

(J4) cc g isigraph ws_clipchildren ws_clipsiblings
(J6) cc g isigraph opengl

実行プログラム

run

(J4) glaRC ''
(J6) ogl =: '' conew 'jzopengl'

(J4)	(J6)
aa_paint =:	g_paint =:
draw_rubik ''	g_draw_rubik ''
draw_frames ''	g_draw_frames ''
drawtext ''	g_drawtext ''
glaSwapBuffers ''	show_ogl ''

glColor → glColor4D

プログラム・リスト

NB. 0pGLN_RubikJ6. ijs 2012/3/24
NB. J602 version imported from J402 2012/3/20
NB. 0pGLN_RubikJ3. ijs 2012/3/7
NB. Rename T, W, S, E, B, N → U, L, F, R, D, B
NB. run 31, 0 => test F8
NB. setrub 'F8', run 91, 0 => Facet をマーク(水色)での実行
NB. from 0pGLN_RubikJ2. ijs
NB. from 0pGLN_RubikJ. ijs
NB. Rubik Cube Simulation in Joyner's Group Theory Notation (use cycle)
NB. revised 2012/1/17
NB. program <calc '(ER)3R(eR)3R' > OK! 2012/1/20
NB. NJoyF-function checked OK! & revised 2012/1/23

NB. revised from 0pGLN_Rubik. ijs 2011/9/19
NB. referred from 0pGLN3. ijs

NB. run '' => 宝島社「頭を鍛える」色設定
NB. run 0 => 島内 色設定
NB. run 1 => 宝島社「頭を鍛える」色設定
NB. run 10, 0 => 宝島社「頭を鍛える」色設定 + 操作コマンド Joyner 方式
NB. run 10, 1 => 宝島社「頭を鍛える」色設定 + 操作コマンド色表示
NB. run 21, 0 => '' ルービック・マヌーバのテスト p. 25
NB. run 31, 0 => test F8

NB. Facet をマーク(水色)での実行
NB. setrub 'F8', setrub 'R6' => facet の位置を指定
NB. run 91, 0 => mark facet で実行

NB. Attention! Global Nouns of Colors:
NB. R(red), O(orange), Y(yellow), G(green), W(white), B(blue)

NB. 宝島社「頭を鍛える」コーナー・キューブの向き転換
MPat1 =: 'NbBnbNbnnb' NB. p. 19
NB. 宝島社「頭を鍛える」エッジ・キューブの位置転換
MPatA =: 'eiEIEie' NB. p. 21 A
MPatB =: 'EIieieIE' NB. p. 21 B
MPatC =: 'EIeeIEI' NB. p. 21 C

MPatR0 =: 'IEIEIE EiEiEi EE' NB. p. 25 Rubik's Maneuver

NB. J6 version =====
wr =: 1!:2&2
require 'opengl gl3'
coinsert 'jgl3'

A=: 0 : 0
pc a closeok;pn "Rubik Cube Simulated";
menupop "&Help";
menu help "&Help" "" "" "";
menupopz;
xywh 6 22 200 200;cc g isigraph opengl rightmove bottommove;
xywh 211 93 34 11;cc Reset button;
xywh 211 25 34 11;cc Step button;
xywh 210 43 34 11;cc Auto button;
xywh 7 6 197 11;cc Program edit ws_border es_autohscroll;
xywh 210 63 43 11;cc ClearProg button;
xywh 210 6 34 11;cc Compile button;
pas 0 0;
rem form end;
)

NB. Colors from Facets of Rubik

col =: 3 : 0"0
select. y
case. 'U' do. 'B'
case. 'u' do. 'b'
case. 'L' do. 'Y'
case. 'l' do. 'y'
case. 'F' do. 'R'
case. 'f' do. 'r'
case. 'R' do. 'G'
case. 'r' do. 'g'
case. 'B' do. 'O'
case. 'b' do. 'o'
case. 'D' do. 'W'
case. 'd' do. 'w'
fcase. do. y
end.
)

NB. Idiom Compile Fo□ p 2012/2/8

colx =: 3 : 0"0
select. y
case. 'U' do. 'B'
case. 'u' do. 'b'

```

case. 'L' do. 'K'
case. 'l' do. 'k'
case. 'F' do. 'R'
case. 'f' do. 'r'
case. 'R' do. 'G'
case. 'r' do. 'g'
case. 'B' do. 'O'
case. 'b' do. 'o'
case. 'D' do. 'W'
case. 'd' do. 'w'
fcase. do. y
end.
)
NB. Facets from Colors R}lh F□ p 2012/2/7
col2fac =: 3 : 0"0
select. y
case. 'B' do. 'U' NB. B(Blue) => 'U'
case. 'b' do. 'u'
case. 'K' do. 'L' NB. K(Ki-iro, Yellow) => 'L'
case. 'k' do. 'l'
case. 'R' do. 'F' NB. R(Red) => 'F'
case. 'r' do. 'f'
case. 'G' do. 'R' NB. G(Green) => 'R'
case. 'g' do. 'r'
case. 'O' do. 'B' NB. O(Orange) => 'B'
case. 'o' do. 'b'
case. 'W' do. 'D' NB. W(White) => 'D'
case. 'w' do. 'd'
fcase. do. y
end.
)

```

NB. Color Definition / Global Nouns ! =====
NB. revised for OpenGL spec. 2011/10/12

```

R =: 1 0 0 NB. red
O =: 1 0.45 0 NB. orange
NB. O =: 1 0.64 0 NB. pale orange
NB. O =: 1 0.27 0 NB. orange red
Y =: 1 1 0 NB. yellow
G =: 0 1 0 NB. green
W =: 1 1 1 NB. white
B =: 0 0 1 NB. blue

```

```

P =: 0  0.8 0.7  NB. sky blue for work
NB. Q =: 0  0  0    NB. black

NB. Facet Definition =====
ALL_COJ =: 9#'BYRGOW'  NB. Actual Rubik'S Color Set
RUBJ     =: 9#'ULFRBD'  NB. for Joyner's Facet Name
MRUBJ   =: (6, 9)$RUBJ

NB. test_C =: 'PGGGGGQGG'
NB. test for Rubik Manueaver
NB. display T_RUBMAN
T_RUBMAN =:           'UUUUUUUU'  NB. Up
T_RUBMAN =: T_RUBMAN, 'LLLLLLLL'  NB. Left
T_RUBMAN =: T_RUBMAN, 'FFFLFRRFFF'  NB. Front
T_RUBMAN =: T_RUBMAN, 'RRRFRRRRR'  NB. Right
T_RUBMAN =: T_RUBMAN, 'BBBBBBBBBB'  NB. Back
T_RUBMAN =: T_RUBMAN, 'DDDDDDDDDD'  NB. Down

NB. display T_F8
T_F8 =:           'UUUUUUUUU'
T_F8 =: T_F8,  'LLLLLLLLL'
T_F8 =: T_F8,  'FFFFFFFFF'
T_F8 =: T_F8,  'RRRRRRRRR'
T_F8 =: T_F8,  'BBBBBBBBB'
T_F8 =: T_F8,  'DDDDDDDDD'

NB. enter Marked Cubelet on edit box 2012/3/9 =====
edit_in =: 3 : 0
wd 'pc editin;'
wd 'xywh 8 10 120 8;cc s0 static;cn "Enter Cubelet Pos. to Mark";'
wd 'xywh 8 20 120 8;cc s0 static;cn " such as F8, R6";'
wd 'xywh 8 30 40 10;cc e0 edit;'
wd 'pas 8 8;pcenter;pshow;wait;'
wd 'pclose;'
EditDA =: > {: 12 { wd 'q;'
setrub EditDA
empty ''
)

NB. e.g. setrub 'F8', setrub 'R6', etc.
setrub =: 3 : 0
'C J' =. y
i =. 'ULFRBD' i. C
j =. ". J

```

```

MRUBX =: 'P' (<i;j) } MRUBJ      NB. Global
RUBA =: , MRUBX                  NB. Global
)
NB. =====

run=: a_run
a_run=: 3 : 0
initS=: y
if. 0 = #initS do. goto_skip. end.
if. 91 = {. initS do. edit_in '' end.  NB. Input Marked Cubelet
label_skip.
wd :: ] 'psel a;pclose'
wd A
NB. glarC ''
ogl=: '' conew'jzopengl'      NB. for J6
ROT=: 0 0 0  NB. rename from RR
Key=: ''
NL=: 0      NB. NL(New Line) Flag = 0
NB. for J6, modify use g_draw_init
NB. glaFont 'arial 30'
NB. glaUseFontBitmaps 0 32 95 32  NB. Use Character Font
NB. Initial Color Setting for Rubik Cube =====
RUBX =: ,>RUBJ
NJoyF '' NB. include Joyner's Rubix commands
NB. select command facet or color 2012/2/7
if. 0 = #initS do.
  initS=: 10, 0 NB. ftHg□ĘubvF ϖ
end.
initC=: {. initS
NB. for TEST RUBMAN 2012/3/1
if. initC = 21 do. RUBX =: ,> T_RUBMAN end.
if. initC = 31 do. RUBX =: ,> T_F8      end.
if. initC = 91 do. RUBX =: RUBA        end.
ColInp =: {: initS NB. Select Color Input 0: Facet, 1: Color

init_color initC  NB. change color patterns in several books
istep=: 0
PDA=: ''
RecDA=: ''

wd 'pshow;ptop'
)

init_color =: 3 : 0

```

```

select. y
case. 0 do. NB. @F ↴
  U_COL =: 'WWWWWWWWWW'
  L_COL =: 'RRRRRRRRR'
  F_COL =: 'YYYYYYYYY'
  R_COL =: '000000000'
  B_COL =: 'GGGGGGGGG'
  D_COL =: 'BBBBBBBBB'
case. 1 do. NB. □EbuvF ↴
  U_COL =: 'BBBBBBBBBBB'
  L_COL =: 'YYYYYYYYY'
  F_COL =: 'RRRRRRRRR'
  R_COL =: 'GGGGGGGGG'
  B_COL =: '000000000'
  D_COL =: 'WWWWWWWWW'
case. 10 do. NB. adjust to Joyners notation
  U_COL =: col 9#'U'
  L_COL =: col 9#'L'
  F_COL =: col 9#'F'
  R_COL =: col 9#'R'
  B_COL =: col 9#'B'
  D_COL =: col 9#'D'
case. 21 do. NB. to Rubik Maneuver
  U_COL =: 'BBBBBBBBBBB'
  L_COL =: 'YYYYYRYYY'
  F_COL =: 'RRRYRGRRR'
  R_COL =: 'GGGRGGGGG'
  B_COL =: '000000000'
  D_COL =: 'WWWWWWWWW'
case. 31 do. NB. to test F8
  U_COL =: 'BBBBBBBBBBB'
  L_COL =: 'YYYYYYYYY'
  F_COL =: 'RRRRRRRRP'
  R_COL =: 'GGGGGGGGG'
  B_COL =: '000000000'
  D_COL =: 'WWWWWWWWW'
case. 91 do.
  U_COL =: col 0 { MRUBX
  L_COL =: col 1 { MRUBX
  F_COL =: col 2 { MRUBX
  R_COL =: col 3 { MRUBX
  B_COL =: col 4 { MRUBX
  D_COL =: col 5 { MRUBX
end.
)

```

```

NB. display the model picture =====
a_g_paint =: verb define
RC =: rc_ogl ''
if. RC do. g_draw_init wh_ogl end.
glClearColor 1 1 1 0
glClear GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT
g_size ''
g_draw_rubik ''
g_draw_frames ''
NB. drawface1 texdraw pat_d1 NB. 2012/3/6
g_drawtext'
NB. glaSwapBuffers ''
show_ogl ''
)

NB. key-in x, y, z, X, Y, Z for rotation =====
a_g_char =: verb define
ROT =: 360 | ROT + 5 * 'xyz' = 0 { sysdata NB. rename from RR
ROT =: 360 | ROT - 5 * 'XYZ' = 0 { sysdata NB. rename from RR
NB. Change Color of Cubies for Rubik Moves =====
KK0 =: 0 { sysdata
sel_col KK0 NB. move Rubik and change color / new
KK1 =: KK0 -. 'xyzXYZ'
NB. sel_color KK0 NB. move Rubik and change color / old
if. '-' e. Key do. NL =: 1 end.
Key =: Key, KK1 NB. record of moves
RecDA =: RecDA, KK1 NB. RecDA is all record (Key + Program)
a_g_paint ''
)

g_draw_init =: 3 : 0
glViewport 0 0, y
('arial';30) glaUseFontBimaps_ogl 32 95 32
glMatrixMode GL_PROJECTION
glLoadIdentity ''
glOrtho _2.5 2.5 _2.5 2.5 _2.5 2.5
)

NB. new version 2012/1/17 =====
sel_col =: 3 : 0
if. '-' e. y do. NL =: 1 return. end. NB. NL(New Line) Flag = 1
if. +/ 'xyzXYZ' = y do. return. end.

```

```

KK0 =: y
if. 1 = ColInp do. KK0 =: col2fac KK0 end. NB. select Color Input
KK =: 2#KK0 NB. KK is Rubik command such as ff, FF, mm, MM, ...
RUBX =: ". KK, ' RUBX' NB. move Rubik facets
NB. Coloring Facets
'U_COL L_COL F_COL R_COL B_COL D_COL' =: <"(1) 6 9$ col RUBX
)

```

NB. Revised Joyner's Notation by T. Nishikawa 2012/1/3 =====
NB. 0-origin and use C. primitive function of J

NB. Modified Joyner's Functions by T. Nishikawa 2012/1/5 =====

NJoyF ''

NB. e.g. display rr ALL_COL

NB. 2012/1/23 checked OK! & revised 2012/1/23

NJoyF =: 3 : 0

r1 =. 27 29 35 33

r2 =. 28 32 34 30

r3 =. 20 2 42 47

r4 =. 23 5 39 50

r5 =. 26 8 36 53

r0 =: r1;r2;r3;r4;r5

rr =: r0 & C. NB. verb right turn = counter clockwise turn

RR =: rr^:_1 NB. verb RIGHT turn = clockwise turn

f1 =. 18 20 26 24

f2 =. 19 23 25 21

f3 =. 11 8 33 45

f4 =. 14 7 30 46

f5 =. 17 6 27 47

f0 =: f1;f2;f3;f4;f5

ff =: f0 & C.

FF =: ff^:_1

11 =. 9 11 17 15 NB. 1 is el, not one !!

12 =. 10 14 16 12

13 =. 0 18 45 44 NB. revised 2012/1/30

14 =. 3 21 48 41 NB. revised 2012/1/30

15 =. 6 24 51 38 NB. revised 2012/1/30

10 =: 11;12;13;14;15 NB. 10 is el zero

11 =: 10 & C. NB. 11 is el el

LL =: 11^:_1

b1 =. 36 38 44 42
b2 =. 37 41 43 39
b3 =. 2 9 51 35
b4 =. 1 12 52 32
b5 =. 0 15 53 29
b0 =: b1;b2;b3;b4;b5

bb =: b0 & C. NB. revised 2012/1/23 clockwise turn
BB =: bb^:_1 NB. revised 2012/1/23 counter clockwise turn

u1 =. 0 2 8 6
u2 =. 1 5 7 3
u3 =. 9 36 27 18
u4 =. 10 37 28 19
u5 =. 11 38 29 20
u0 =: u1;u2;u3;u4;u5
uu =: u0 & C.
UU =: uu^:_1

d1 =. 45 47 53 51
d2 =. 46 50 52 48
d3 =. 24 33 42 15
d4 =. 25 34 43 16
d5 =. 26 35 44 17
d0 =: d1;d2;d3;d4;d5
dd =: d0 & C. NB. revised 2012/1/23 clockwise turn
DD =: dd^:_1 NB. revised 2012/1/23 counter clockwise turn

e1 =. 12 21 30 39
e2 =. 13 22 31 40
e3 =. 14 23 32 41
e0 =: e1;e2;e3
ee =: e0 & C.
EE =: ee^:_1

m1 =. 1 19 46 43
m2 =. 4 22 49 40
m3 =. 7 25 52 37
m0 =: m1;m2;m3
mm =: m0 & C.
MM =: mm^:_1

s1 =. 3 28 50 16
s2 =. 4 31 49 13

```

s3 =. 5 34 48 10
s0 =: s1;s2;s3
ss =: s0 & C.
SS =: ss^:_1
,
)

```

```

NB. eg. display ALL_COL
display =: 3 : 0 NB. revised from dispv3
y =. 6 9$y
RD0 =. (3, 3)$ L:0 <"(1) }. } : y
RD1 =. (3, 3)$ L:0 (9#' ');({. y);(9#' ');(9#' ')
RD2 =. (3, 3)$ L:0 (9#' ');({: y);(9#' ');(9#' ')
RD3 =. RD1, RD0, : RD2
RD4 =. " : RD3
RD5 =. (' ') (<(i.4);(i.4)) } RD4
RD6 =. (' ') (<(i.4);(9+i.8)) } RD5
RD7 =. (' ') (<(9+i.4);(i.4)) } RD6
RD8 =. (' ') (<(9+i.4);(9+i.8)) } RD7
)

```

```

NB. indicate rotated angle values x, y, z in degree =====
g_drawtext =: verb define
glMatrixMode GL_MODELVIEW
glLoadIdentity ''
glColor 0 0 0 0
glRasterPos _2.0 _2.0 0
glaCallLists 'Test'
NB. if NL = 1 with Key = '-' , write two lines 2012/1/31
if. NL = 0
do.
    glRasterPos _2.3 2.1 0
    glaCallLists Key      NB. for J6
else.
    lin2mul Key  NB. revised multilines 2012/2/1
end.
glRasterPos _2.0 _2.4 0
glaCallLists (5 " : ROT)  NB. for J6, rename from RR
)

NB. one line to multilines punctuated by '-' 2012/2/1
lin2mul =: 3 : 0
LIN =. y

```

```

jj =. 0
while. '-' e. LIN
do.
  ii =. >: LIN i. '-'
  LIA =. ii{. LIN
  glRasterPos _2.3, (2.1-0.3*jj), 0
  glaCallLists LIA
  LIB =. ii}. LIN
  LIN =. LIB
  jj =. jj + 1
end.
glRasterPos _2.3, (2.1-0.3*jj), 0
glaCallLists LIB
)

a_help_button =: verb define
wd 'mb OpenGL *Keys, x/X, y/Y, z/Z rotate, e/E, w/W, t/T, b/B, s/S, n/N move
Rubik.'
wd 'setfocus g'
)

a_Reset_button=: 3 : 0
glClearColor 1 1 1 0
glClear GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT
NB. init_color initC
RUBX =: ,> RUBJ
if. initC = 21 do. RUBX =: ,> T_RUBMAN end.
if. initC = 31 do. RUBX =: ,> T_F8      end.
if. initC = 91 do. RUBX =: RUBA       end.

'U_COL L_COL F_COL R_COL B_COL D_COL' =: <"(1) 6 9$ col RUBX

ColInp =: {: initS NB. Select Color Input 0: Facet, 1: Color

g_draw_rubik ''
g_draw_frames ''
Key =: ''
g_drawtext ''
istep =: 0
show_ogl ''
NB. glaSwapBuffers ''
wd 'set Program """'
iPDA =: ''
wd 'setfocus g'
)

```

```

a_Program_button=: 3 : 0
PDA =: Program
iPDA =: ''
RecDA =: RecDA, (*.PDA) NB. All Record (PDA + Key)
wd 'setfocus g'
)

NB. Compile 2012/1/8 =====
NB. e.g. On Edit Box, Enter "rubm 'RE' CR",
NB. afterward push Compile button,
NB. so Rubik Move Program, as follows, will appear on Edit Box
NB. E R E R E R R e R e R R
NB. this Program can run by Auto, Step Buttons.
a_Compile_button=: 3 : 0
wd 'set Program *', *. PDA
wd 'setfocus g'
)

iPDA =: ''
aa_Step_button=: 3 : 0
if. istep < #PDA
do.
sel_col istep{PDA
iPDA =: iPDA, istep{PDA
wd 'set Program *', iPDA
wd 'setfocus g'
draw_rubik ''
draw_frames ''
glaSwapBuffers ''
istep =: istep + 1
else.
wd 'set Program "-program end-"
end.
wd 'setfocus g'
)

a_Auto_button=: 3 : 0
wd 'set Program *', PDA
glClearColor 1 1 1 0
glClear GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT
init_color initC
sel_col L:0 <"(0) PDA
draw_rubik ''

```

```

draw_frames ''
Key =: ''
drawtext ''
glaSwapBuffers ''
wd 'setfocus g'
)

a_ClearProg_button=: 3 : 0
PDA =: ''
wd 'set Program " "'
wd 'setfocus g'
)

NB. Calc. Cubie Points =====
Point =: |. |: {(i:1);(i:1)}

NB. Along -Z axis (looking far), square_numbered counter_clockwise! ====
boundary =: 3 : 0
'X Y' =. y
((0.5+X), 0.5+Y);((_-0.5+X), 0.5+Y);((_-0.5+X), _0.5+Y);((0.5+X), _0.5+Y)
)

boundTex =: 3 : 0      NB. for texture 2012/3/6
'X Y' =. y
((_-0.5+X), 0.5+Y);((_-0.5+X), _0.5+Y);((0.5+X), _0.5+Y);((0.5+X), 0.5+Y)
)

NB. Bound =: >, boundTex L:0 Point  NB. for Texture 2012/3/6
Bound =: >, boundary L:0 Point
F_P =: (,&1.5) L:0 Bound

R_P =: |. L:0 Bound
R_P =: ({. , (-@{:)) L:0 R_P
R_P =: (1.5&, ) L:0 R_P

L_P =: |. L:0 Bound
L_P =: (_1.5&, ) L:0 L_P

U_P =: ({. , (-@{:)) L:0 Bound
U_P =: (1.5&, ) L:0 U_P
U_P =: ((1 0 2)&{}) L:0 U_P

D_P =: (_1.5&, ) L:0 Bound
D_P =: ((1 0 2)&{}) L:0 D_P

```

```
B_P =: ((-@{.), {:) L:0 Bound  
B_P =: (,&_1.5) L:0 B_P
```

```
NB. Set Color of Cubies =====
```

```
NB. test_COL =:  
'RED';'RED';'GREEN';'GREEN';'GREEN';'GREEN';'BLUE';'RED';'BLUE'
```

```
face_col =: 3 : 0  
:  
i =. 0  
while. i < 9 do.  
    ("._ i{x) polygon >i{y  
    i =. i + 1  
end.  
)
```

```
polygon=: 4 : 0  
glColor4d 4{.x, 1      NB. for J6  
NB. glColor x  
glBegin GL_POLYGON  
    glVertex y  
    glEnd ''  
)
```

```
g_draw_rubik =: 3 : 0  
glMatrixMode GL_MODELVIEW  
glLoadIdentity ''  
glTranslate 0 0 _1  
glRotate ROT ,. 3 3 $ 1 0 0 0      NB. rename from RR  
glPolygonMode GL_FRONT, GL_FILL  NB. Front and Back: Full Paint  
glPolygonMode GL_BACK, GL_POINT  NB. Back: Point(Hidden)
```

```
glBegin GL_QUADS  
(>D_COL) face_col (0.6&*) L:0 D_P NB. reduced 0.6 size  
(>L_COL) face_col (0.6&*) L:0 L_P  
(>U_COL) face_col (0.6&*) L:0 U_P  
(>R_COL) face_col (0.6&*) L:0 R_P
```

```

(>B_COL) face_col (0. 6&*) L:0 B_P

(>F_COL) face_col (0. 6&*) L:0 F_P
g1End ''

)

NB. Frame Cubies == 2011/9/23 =====
face_frame =: 3 : 0
i =. 0
while. i < 9 do.
    fpolygon i{y
    i =. i + 1
end.
)

fpolygon=: 3 : 0
glLineWidth 0.5
glColor4d 0 0 0 1
NB. glColor 0 0 0
glBegin GL_POLYGON
    glVertex y
g1End ''
)

fsymbol =: 3 : 0
glLineWidth 1.5
glColor 0 0 0
XS =. 0.6 * 0 { > 0 { 8 { F_P
YS =. 0.6 * 1 { > 0 { 8 { F_P
ZS =. 0.6 * 2 { > 0 { 8 { F_P
glBegin GL_LINE_LOOP
    glVertex (XS+0.2), (YS-0.4), ZS
    glVertex (XS+0.3), (YS-0.2), ZS
    glVertex (XS+0.4), (YS-0.4), ZS
g1End ''
)

g_draw_frames =: 3 : 0
glMatrixMode GL_MODELVIEW
glLoadIdentity ''
glTranslate 0 0 _1
glRotate ROT ,. 3 3 $ 1 0 0 0
glPolygonMode GL_FRONT, GL_LINE NB. Front and Back: Full Paint
glPolygonMode GL_BACK, GL_POINT NB. Back: Point(Hidden)

```

```

face_frame > (0.6&*) L:0 F_P
face_frame > (0.6&*) L:0 U_P
face_frame > (0.6&*) L:0 R_P
face_frame > (0.6&*) L:0 L_P
face_frame > (0.6&*) L:0 B_P
face_frame > (0.6&*) L:0 D_P
NB. fsymbol '',
)

```

```

NB. project the picture on the screen =====
g_size =: verb define
wh =. glqwh ''
glViewport 0 0, wh
glMatrixMode GL_PROJECTION
glLoadIdentity ''
glOrtho _2.5 2.5 _2.5 2.5 _2.5 2.5
NB. gluPerspective 60, (%/wh), 1 30
)

```

NB. ⚡Jdg@=====

```

NB. require 'system' main' regex. ijs'
require 'regex'
NB.
NB. calc '(ER)3R(eR)3R' 2012/1/20
NB. ERERERReReReRR

```

```

calc =: 3 : 0
y =. y -. '
while. '( e. y do. y =. par2mul y end.
pow2mul y
)

```

```

NB. calc 'Fr2'
NB. calc 'ab3(xy2z)3d2'
NB. abbbxyyzxyzxyzdd

```

```

NB. power to multiple - revised 2011/12/13
NB. pow2mul 'ab3xy2zxy2zxy2zd2'
NB. abbbxyyzxyzxyzdd

```

```

pow2mul =: 3 : 0
NB. single alpha to alpha + 1 - revised 2011/12/13

```

```

p =. y , ({: y)           NB. revised 12/14
PP =. 2 <¥ p
PPP =. ; ad1 L:0 PP
NB. 'ab2c3' => 'abbccc'
P =. '['[:alpha:]]+['[:digit:]]' rxall PPP
P1 =. _1{ L:0 P
P2 =. _2{ L:0 P
P1 p2m P2
)

```

asc =: a.&i.

```

alp =: (64&< * <&123)@asc
num =: (47&< * <&58)@asc

```

```

ad1 =: 3 : 0
'A1 B1' =. y
AD1 =. y
if. alp B1 do. AD1 =. A1, '1' end.
if. num A1 do. AD1 =. '' end.
AD1
)

```

```

p2m =: 3 : 0
:
n =. #y
i =. 0
PM =. ''
while. i < n
do.
  PM =. PM , ("." >i{x) # (>i{y)
  i =. i + 1
end.
PM
)

```

NB. ~ 2011/12/14 =====

```

NB. par2mul 'ab3(xy2z)3d2'
NB. ab3xy2zxy2zxy2zd2
par2mul =: 3 : 0
P0 =. '.*(¥(.+¥)).*' rxmatches y NB. $P=1 2 2
P2 =. ,{:"2 P0                      NB. take 2nd row of P

```

```

P3 =. ({. P2) + i. {: P2
Q0 =. P3 { y
A =. ({. P2) {. y
B =. (>: >:{: P3) }. y
C =. (>: {: P3) { y
Q1 =. }. }: Q0
Q =. , ("_. C) #, : Q1
A, Q, B
)

```

```

NB.      unpar 'ab3(xy2z)3d2(p2q)2e3'
NB. ab3xy2zxy2zxy2zd2p2qp2qe3
unpar =: 3 : 0
np =. +/ '( = y
i =. 0
R =. y
while. i < np
do.
    R =. par2mul R
    i =. i + 1
end.
R
)

```

```

NB. Alpha(Large) + underbar(_) => alpha(small)
val=: a. & i.
to_small =: (32&+) &. val
to_large =: (-&32) &. val

```

```

NB. eg. und2small 'AB_CDE_F' => 'AbCDf'
und2small =: 3 : 0
Y =. '[[:alpha:]]$_' (to_small@{.) rxapply y
)

```

```

NB. Joyner's Notation =====
J_DA =: (9##) L:0 'L';'F';'R';'B';'U';'D'

```

```

NB. Joyner to Shimanouchi
Joy2Sim =: 3 : 0
Y1 =: und2small y
Y2 =: pow2mul unpar Y1
Y3 =. J2S Y2

```

)

```
J2S =: 3 : 0"(0)
select. y
  case. 'F' do. 's'
  case. 'R' do. 'e'
  case. 'L' do. 'w'
  case. 'B' do. 'n'
  case. 'U' do. 't'
  case. 'D' do. 'b'
  case. 'S' do. 'i'
  case. 'M' do. 'j'
  case. 'E' do. 'k'
  case. 'f' do. 'S'
  case. 'r' do. 'E'
  case. 'l' do. 'W'
  case. 'b' do. 'N'
  case. 'u' do. 'T'
  case. 'd' do. 'B'
  case. 's' do. 'I'
  case. 'm' do. 'J'
  case. 'e' do. 'K'
end.
```

)

```
Sim2Joy =: 3 : ', S2J y'
S2J =: 3 : 0"(0)
select. y
  case. 'T' do. 'u'
  case. 't' do. 'U'
  case. 'N' do. 'b'
  case. 'n' do. 'B'
  case. 'B' do. 'd'
  case. 'b' do. 'D'
  case. 'S' do. 'f'
  case. 's' do. 'F'
  case. 'E' do. 'r'
  case. 'e' do. 'R'
  case. 'W' do. 'l'
  case. 'w' do. 'L'
end.
```

)

val=: a. & i.

```

chr=: val ^:_1

to_large =: (chr@(val - (32"_)))
to_small =: (chr@(val + (32"_)))

NB. e. g. display ". (rubman 'FE'), ' ALL_COJ'
NB. Rubik's Maneauver p. 25
NB. for display
rubman =: 3 : 0
'p q' =. y
P =. p, p
Q =. q, q
M1 =. P, ' & ', , 3 9$P, ' & ', Q, ' & '
M2 =. P, ' & ', , 3 9$P, ' & ', (to_small Q), ' & '
M2, ' & ', M1
)

NB. copy the output by mouse, then paste it on the edit box
NB. e.g. rubm 'RE' => 'E R E R E R R e R e R e R R'
NB. input onto the edit box, "rubm 'RE' CR"
rubm =: 3 : 0
'P Q' =. y
M1 =: (, 3 4$Q, ' ', P, ' '), P
M2 =: (, 3 4$(to_small Q), ' ', P, ' '), P
M1, ' ', M2
)

rubb =: 3 : 0
'P Q' =. y
D1 =: calc '(, Q, '2', P, '2)3', P, '2'
D2 =: calc '(, (to_small Q), '2', P, '2)3', P, '2'
NB. C1 =: calc '(E2F2)3F2'
NB. C2 =: calc '(e2F2)3F2'
D12 =: D1, D2
_2 }. , (14 2$D12), "(1) ' & '
)

NB. display revised Joyner's notation in number
NB. revised 2012/3/1
NB. e.g. RUBIK_DISPLAY ''

```

NB. test Rubik Maneuver sample cycle
N_TRMAN =: (14 21;23 30) C. i. 54

NB. display Rubik Maneuver in number => RUBIK_DISPLAY N_TRMAN

```
RUBIK_DISPLAY =: 3 : 0
RUB0 =. 7 10$, '
if. 0 = # y
do. NB. Original Index
    RUB =. <"(0) 3 3$i.9
    RUB1 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB
    RUB2 =. ": 2": L:(0) 9 + L:0 RUB
    RUB3 =. ": 18 + L:0 RUB
    RUB4 =. ": 27 + L:0 RUB
    RUB5 =. ": 36 + L:0 RUB
    RUB6 =. ": 45 + L:0 RUB
else. NB. Index from argument y. e.g. Rubik Maneuver test
    RR =: (6, 9)$ y
    RRA =: <"(1) RR
    'RUB1 RUB2 RUB3 RUB4 RUB5 RUB6' =: (3, 3) $ L:1 <"(0) L:0 RRA
    RUB1 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB1
    RUB2 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB2
    RUB3 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB3
    RUB4 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB4
    RUB5 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB5
    RUB6 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB6
end.
RUB11 =. RUB0, "(1) RUB1, "(1) RUB0, "(1) RUB0
RUB22 =. RUB2, "(1) RUB3, "(1) RUB4, "(1) RUB5
RUB33 =. RUB0, "(1) RUB6, "(1) RUB0, "(1) RUB0
RUB11, RUB22, RUB33
)
```

NB. RDJ =: ' U L F R B D ,
NB. display RDJ

NB. Several Idioms from u□É vU{ =====

NB. iR[i[EL[uL] p. 13

```
cmove =: 3 : 0 NB. revised x. argument no. 2012/2/22
:
R =. 1}y
r =. to_small R
F =. 0}y
f =. to_small F
```

```

select. x
  case. 1 do. R, f, r, F          NB. p. 13A
  case. _1 do. f, R, F, r        NB. p. 13B
  case. 3 do. R, f, r, F, R, f, r, F, R, f, r, F  NB. p. 13C
  case. 2 do. R, f, r, F, R, f, r, F          NB. p. 13D twist-cw of corner cubelet
  case. _2 do. f, R, F, r, f, R, F, r      NB. p. 13E twist-ccw of corner
cubelet
end.
return.
if. 0 = #y
do.
  select. x
    case. 1 do. 'RfrF'           NB. p. 13A
    case. 2 do. 'fRFr'           NB. p. 13B
    case. 3 do. 'RfrF RfrF RfrF'  NB. p. 13C
    case. 4 do. 'RfrF RfrF'       NB. p. 13D
    case. 5 do. 'fRFr fRFr'       NB. p. 13E
  end.
else.
  select. x  NB. e.g. 3 cmov 'BL' => 'Lb1B Lb1B'
    case. 1 do. (1}y), (to_small 0}y), (to_small 1}y), (0}y)      NB.
p. 13A
    case. 2 do. (to_small 0}y), (1}y), (0}y), (to_small 1}y)      NB.
p. 13B
    case. 3 do. ya, ya, ya =. (1}y), (to_small 0}y), (to_small 1}y), (0}y)
NB. p. 13C
    case. 4 do. ya, ya =. (1}y), (to_small 0}y), (to_small 1}y), (0}y)  NB.
p. 13D
    case. 5 do. yb, yb =. (to_small 0}y), (1}y), (0}y), (to_small 1}y)  NB.
p. 13E
  end.
end.
)

```

NB. iGbWEL[ü p. 14, 15
NB. e.g. 1 emov 'R', 2 emove 'F', 3 emov 'L'
emov =: 3 : 0 NB. revised 2012/2/5
:
if. 1 = ColInp do. y =. col2fac y else. y =. y end.
select. y
case. 'R' do.
 select. x case. 1 do. z =. 'RsrS' NB. p. 14B rotate clockwise 90 deg
 case. 2 do. z =. 'RRsrrS' NB. p. 14A rotate clockwise 180 deg
 case. 3 do. z =. 'RRRsrrrS' NB. p. 14C rotate clockwise 270 deg
 case. 4 do. z =. 'sRSr' NB. p. 14D

```

        case. 5 do. z =. 'RErrEERE' NB. p. 14E and Revised
end.
case. 'B' do.
    select. x case. 1 do. z =. 'BMbm'
        case. 2 do. z =. 'BBMbbm'
        case. 3 do. z =. 'BBBMbbbm'
        case. 4 do. z =. 'MBmb'
        case. 5 do. z =. 'BEbbEEBE'
    end.
case. 'L' do.
    select. x case. 1 do. z =. 'LSls'
        case. 2 do. z =. 'LLSlls'
        case. 3 do. z =. 'LLLSllls'
        case. 4 do. z =. 'SLs1'
        case. 5 do. z =. 'LEllEELE'
    end.
case. 'F' do.
    select. x case. 1 do. z =. 'FmfM'
        case. 2 do. z =. 'FFmffM'
        case. 3 do. z =. 'FFFmfffM'
        case. 4 do. z =. 'mFMf'
        case. 5 do. z =. 'FEffEEFE'
    end.
end.
if. 1 = ColInp do. z =. colx z end.
z
)

NB. e.g. 2 emov '' => 'RRsrrS'
emov0 =: 3 : 0
:
if. 0 = #y
do.
NB.
else.
'R s r S' =. (0}y), (to_small 1}y), (to_small 0}y), (1}y)
end.
select. x
    case. 1 do. 'RsrS'
    case. 2 do. 'RRsrrS'
    case. 3 do. 'RRRsrrrS'
    case. _1 do. 'rsRS'
end.
)

```

NB. iR[i[EL[~~ü~~ 3~~ü~~] p. 17
NB. cpos
cpos := 3 : 0
if. 1 = ColInp do. y =. col2fac y else. y =. y end.
select. y
case. 'F' do. z =. 'bDBrBRbDD'
case. 'R' do. z =. '1DLbLB1DD'
case. 'B' do. z =. 'fDF1FLfDD'
case. 'L' do. z =. 'rDRfRFrDD'
end.
if. 1 = ColInp do. z =. colx z end.
z
)

NB. iR[i[EL[~~ü~~ p. 19
cdir := 3 : 0
if. 1 = ColInp do. y =. col2fac y else. y =. y end.
z =. (to_small y), 'DD', (y), 'D', (to_small y), 'D', (y), 'DD'
NB. 'bDBDBbDBDD'
if. 1 = ColInp do. z =. colx z end.
)

NB. iGbWp iGbWEL[u ↳ p. 21
dfrch := 3 : 0
:
if. 1 = ColInp do. y =. col2fac y else. y =. y end.
select. x
case. 1 do. z =. (y), 'e', (to_small y), 'E', (to_small y), 'e', (y)
case. _1 do. z =. (to_small y), 'E', (y), 'e', (y), 'E', (to_small y)
case. 2 do.
z =. (y), 'e', (to_small y), (to_small y), 'e', (y), 'e', (to_small y), 'E',
(y), 'e', (y), 'E', (to_small y)
end.
NB. case. 1 do. 'RerEreR' NB. from BR-edge to DR-edge
NB. case. _1 do. 'rEReRER' NB. from FR-edge to DR-edge
NB. case. 2 do. 'RerreRe rEReRER' NB. exchange RD-edge to DR-edge
NB. end.
if. 1 = ColInp do. z =. colx z end.
)

NB. iGbWEL[~~ü~~ 3~~ü~~] modified of p. 23
epos := 3 : 0
if. 1 = ColInp do. y =. col2fac y else. y =. y end.
z =. y, y, 'e', y, y, 'E'
NB. 'FFeFFE'

```

if. 1 = ColInp do. z =. colx z end.
)

NB. i , 旚GbWEL[旚u Joyner p.355 茄1
NB. e.g. ecycle 'U', or, ecycle 'D'
ecycle =: 3 : 0
NB. 1 ecycle y.
if. 1 = ColInp do. y =. col2fac y else. y =. y end.
x =. 'D'
NB. select. x.
NB. case. 1 do. x =. 'D'
NB. case. 2 do. x =. 'U' NB. need revised !!
NB. end.
select. y
case. 'F' do. z =. 'mm', (to_small x), 'M', x, x, 'm', (to_small x), 'mm'
case. 'B' do. z =. 'MM', (to_small x), 'm', x, x, 'M', (to_small x), 'MM'
case. 'R' do. z =. 'ss', (to_small x), 'S', x, x, 's', (to_small x), 'ss'
case. 'L' do. z =. 'SS', (to_small x), 's', x, x, 'S', (to_small x), 'SS'
end.
if. 1 = ColInp do. z =. colx z end.
)

NB. i , 旚GbWEL[旚NX Joyner p.355 茄7
NB. e.g. ecross 'U' (i), ecross 'D' (i)
ecross =: 3 : 0
z =. calc 'F2L2', (y) , '2(F2L2)3', (y) , '2L2F2'
)

NB. Joyner p. 92-93, p. 355 / swap two pairs of edges
=====
eswap2 =: 3 : 0
'p q' =: y
z =. p, p, q, q, p, p, q, q, p, p, q, q
)

NB. Generate Rubik Problem by Rndom Numbers =====
NB. e.g. rnd 8 => 'gkRWOrGw'
rnd =: 3 : 0
RND =. 'uU1LfFrRbBdD'
if. 1 = ColInp do. RND =. 'bBkKrRgGo0wW' end.
(y ? 12) { RND
)

NB. Several Initial Settings =====

```

```
NB. run 10, 1 for start  
RecDA1 =: 'gkRWOrGw'  
RecDA2 =: RecDA1, 'wkbOkKw'  
RecDA3 =: RecDA2, 'RkrK'
```

```
NB. Get X, Y of Left_Mouse Down  
a_g_mbldown=: 3 : 0  
d=. ". sysdata  
m_x=: (0{d) * 1000 % (2{d) NB. X value  
m_y=: (1{d) * 1000 % (3{d) NB. Y value  
)
```

NB. j4 versiopn =====

```
wr =: 1!:2&2
require 'gl3'

AA=: 0 : 0
pc aa closeok;pn "Rubik Cube Simulated";
menupop "&Help";
menu help "&Help" "" "" "";
menupopz;
xywh 6 22 200 200;cc g isigraph ws_clipchildren ws_clipsiblings rightmove
bottommove;
xywh 211 93 34 11;cc Reset button;
xywh 211 25 34 11;cc Step button;
xywh 210 43 34 11;cc Auto button;
xywh 7 6 197 11;cc Program edit ws_border es_autohscroll;
xywh 210 63 43 11;cc ClearProg button;
xywh 210 6 34 11;cc Compile button;
pas 0 0;
rem form end;
)
```

NB. Colors from Facets of Rubik

```
col =: 3 : 0"0
select. y.
  case. 'U' do. 'B'
  case. 'u' do. 'b'
  case. 'L' do. 'Y'
  case. 'l' do. 'y'
  case. 'F' do. 'R'
  case. 'f' do. 'r'
  case. 'R' do. 'G'
  case. 'r' do. 'g'
  case. 'B' do. 'O'
  case. 'b' do. 'o'
  case. 'D' do. 'W'
  case. 'd' do. 'w'
  fcase.   do.  y.
end.
)
```

NB. Idiom Compile 色出力用 2012/2/8

```
colx =: 3 : 0"0
select. y.
  case. 'U' do. 'B'
  case. 'u' do. 'b'
```

```

case. 'L' do. 'K'
case. 'l' do. 'k'
case. 'F' do. 'R'
case. 'f' do. 'r'
case. 'R' do. 'G'
case. 'r' do. 'g'
case. 'B' do. 'O'
case. 'b' do. 'o'
case. 'D' do. 'W'
case. 'd' do. 'w'
fcase. do. y.
end.
)
NB. Facets from Colors コマンドの色入力用 2012/2/7
col2fac =: 3 : 0"0
select. y.
case. 'B' do. 'U' NB. B(Blue) => 'U'
case. 'b' do. 'u'
case. 'K' do. 'L' NB. K(Ki-iro, Yellow) => 'L'
case. 'k' do. 'l'
case. 'R' do. 'F' NB. R(Red) => 'F'
case. 'r' do. 'f'
case. 'G' do. 'R' NB. G(Green) => 'R'
case. 'g' do. 'r'
case. 'O' do. 'B' NB. O(Orange) => 'B'
case. 'o' do. 'b'
case. 'W' do. 'D' NB. W(White) => 'D'
case. 'w' do. 'd'
fcase. do. y.
end.
)

```

NB. Color Definition / Global Nouns ! =====
NB. revised for OpenGL spec. 2011/10/12

```

R =: 1 0 0      NB. red
0 =: 1 0.45 0    NB. orange
NB. 0 =: 1 0.64 0    NB. pale orange
NB. 0 =: 1 0.27 0    NB. orange red
Y =: 1 1 0      NB. yellow
G =: 0 1 0      NB. green
W =: 1 1 1      NB. white
B =: 0 0 1      NB. blue

```

```

P =: 0  0.8 0.7  NB. sky blue for work
NB. Q =: 0  0  0    NB. black

NB. Facet Definition =====
ALL_COJ =: 9#'BYRGOW'  NB. Actual Rubik'S Color Set
RUBJ     =: 9#'ULFRBD'  NB. for Joyner's Facet Name
MRUBJ   =: (6, 9)$RUBJ

NB. test_C =: 'PGGGGGQGG'
NB. test for Rubik Manueaver
NB. display T_RUBMAN
T_RUBMAN =:           'UUUUUUUU'  NB. Up
T_RUBMAN =: T_RUBMAN, 'LLLLLLLL'  NB. Left
T_RUBMAN =: T_RUBMAN, 'FFFLFRFFF'  NB. Front
T_RUBMAN =: T_RUBMAN, 'RRRFRRRRR'  NB. Right
T_RUBMAN =: T_RUBMAN, 'BBBBBBBBB'  NB. Back
T_RUBMAN =: T_RUBMAN, 'DDDDDDDDD'  NB. Down

NB. display T_F8
T_F8 =:           'UUUUUUUUU'
T_F8 =: T_F8,  'LLLLLLLLL'
T_F8 =: T_F8,  'FFFFFFFP'
T_F8 =: T_F8,  'RRRRRRRRR'
T_F8 =: T_F8,  'BBBBBBBBB'
T_F8 =: T_F8,  'DDDDDDDDD'

NB. enter Marked Cubelet on edit box 2012/3/9 =====
edit_in =: 3 : 0
wd 'pc editin;'
wd 'xywh 8 10 120 8;cc s0 static;cn "Enter Cubelet Pos. to Mark";'
wd 'xywh 8 20 120 8;cc s0 static;cn " such as F8, R6";'
wd 'xywh 8 30 40 10;cc e0 edit;'
wd 'pas 8 8;pcenter;pshow;wait;'
wd 'pclose;'
EditDA =: > {< 12 { wd 'q;'
setrub EditDA
empty ''
)

NB. e.g. setrub 'F8', setrub 'R6', etc.
setrub =: 3 : 0
'C J' =. y.
i =. 'ULFRBD' i. C
j =. ". J
MRUBX =: 'P' (<i;j) } MRUBJ    NB. Global

```

```

RUBA =: , MRUBX           NB. Global
)

NB. =====

run=: aa_run
aa_run=: 3 : 0
initS =: y.
if. 0 = #initS do. goto_skip. end.
if. 91 = {. initS do. edit_in '' end. NB. Input Marked Cubelet
label_skip.
wd :: ] 'psel a;pclose'
wd AA
glaRC ''
ROT =: 0 0 0 NB. rename from RR
Key =: ''
NL =: 0      NB. NL(New Line) Flag = 0
glaFont 'arial 30'
NB. glaUseFontBitmaps 0 32 26 32 Only Number Font
glaUseFontBitmaps 0 32 95 32 NB. Use Character Font
NB. Initial Color Setting for Rubik Cube =====
RUBX =: ,>RUBJ
NJoyF '' NB. include Joyner's Rubix commands
NB. select command facet or color 2012/2/7
if. 0 = #initS do.
  initS =: 10, 0 NB. デフォルト=宝島社「頭を鍛える」色設定
end.
initC =: {. initS
NB. for TEST RUBMAN 2012/3/1
if. initC = 21 do. RUBX =: ,> T_RUBMAN end.
if. initC = 31 do. RUBX =: ,> T_F8      end.
if. initC = 91 do. RUBX =: RUBA        end.
ColInp =: {: initS NB. Select Color Input 0: Facet, 1: Color

init_color initC NB. change color patterns in several books
istep =: 0
PDA =: ''
RecDA =: ''

wd 'pshow;ptop'
)

init_color =: 3 : 0

```

```

select. y.
case. 0 do. NB. 島内 色設定
  U_COL =: 'WWWWWWWWWW'
  L_COL =: 'RRRRRRRRRR'
  F_COL =: 'YYYYYYYYYY'
  R_COL =: 'OOOOOOOOOO'
  B_COL =: 'GGGGGGGGGG'
  D_COL =: 'BBBBBBBBBB'

case. 1 do. NB. 宝島社「頭を鍛える」色設定
  U_COL =: 'BBBBBBBBBBB'
  L_COL =: 'YYYYYYYYYY'
  F_COL =: 'RRRRRRRRR'
  R_COL =: 'GGGGGGGGG'
  B_COL =: 'OOOOOOOOOO'
  D_COL =: 'WWWWWWWWWW'

case. 10 do. NB. adjust to Joyners notation
  U_COL =: col 9#'U'
  L_COL =: col 9#'L'
  F_COL =: col 9#'F'
  R_COL =: col 9#'R'
  B_COL =: col 9#'B'
  D_COL =: col 9#'D'

case. 21 do. NB. to Rubik Maneuver
  U_COL =: 'BBBBBBBBBBB'
  L_COL =: 'YYYYYRYYY'
  F_COL =: 'RRRYRGRRR'
  R_COL =: 'GGGRGGGGG'
  B_COL =: 'OOOOOOOOOO'
  D_COL =: 'WWWWWWWWWW'

case. 31 do. NB. to test F8
  U_COL =: 'BBBBBBBBBBB'
  L_COL =: 'YYYYYYYYYY'
  F_COL =: 'RRRRRRRRP'
  R_COL =: 'GGGGGGGGG'
  B_COL =: 'OOOOOOOOOO'
  D_COL =: 'WWWWWWWWWW'

case. 91 do.
  U_COL =: col 0 { MRUBX
  L_COL =: col 1 { MRUBX
  F_COL =: col 2 { MRUBX
  R_COL =: col 3 { MRUBX
  B_COL =: col 4 { MRUBX
  D_COL =: col 5 { MRUBX
end.
)

```

```

NB. display the model picture =====
aa_g_paint =: verb define
glClearColor 1 1 1 0
glClear GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT
draw_rubik ''
draw_frames ''
NB. drawface1 texdraw pat_d1 NB. 2012/3/6
drawtext'
glaSwapBuffers ''
)

NB. key-in x, y, z, X, Y, Z for rotation =====
aa_g_char =: verb define
ROT =: 360 | ROT + 5 * 'xyz' = 0 { sysdata NB. rename from RR
ROT =: 360 | ROT - 5 * 'XYZ' = 0 { sysdata NB. rename from RR
NB. Change Color of Cubies for Rubik Moves =====
KK0 =. 0 { sysdata
sel_col KK0 NB. move Rubik and change color / new
KK1 =: KK0 -. 'xyzXYZ'
NB. sel_color KK0 NB. move Rubik and change color / old
if. '-' e. Key do. NL =: 1 end.
Key =: Key, KK1 NB. record of moves
RecDA =: RecDA, KK1 NB. RecDA is all record (Key + Program)
glpaintx'
)

NB. new version 2012/1/17 =====
sel_col =: 3 : 0
if. '-' e. y. do. NL =: 1 return. end. NB. NL(New Line) Flag = 1
if. +/ 'xyzXYZ' = y. do. return. end.
KK0 =: y.
if. 1 = ColInp do. KK0 =: col2fac KK0 end. NB. select Color Input
KK =: 2#KK0 NB. KK is Rubik command such as ff, FF, mm, MM, ...
RUBX =: ". KK, ' RUBX' NB. move Rubik facets
NB. Coloring Facets
'U_COL L_COL F_COL R_COL B_COL D_COL' =: <"(1) 6 9$ col RUBX
)

```

NB. Revised Joyner's Notation by T. Nishikawa 2012/1/3 =====
NB. 0-origin and use C. primitive function of J

NB. Modified Joyner's Functions by T. Nishikawa 2012/1/5 =====
NB. NJoyF ''

NB. e.g. display rr ALL_COL

NB. 2012/1/23 checked OK! & revised 2012/1/23

NJoyF =: 3 : 0

r1 =. 27 29 35 33

r2 =. 28 32 34 30

r3 =. 20 2 42 47

r4 =. 23 5 39 50

r5 =. 26 8 36 53

r0 =: r1;r2;r3;r4;r5

rr =: r0 & C. NB. verb right turn = counter clockwise turn

RR =: rr^:_1 NB. verb RIGHT turn = clockwise turn

f1 =. 18 20 26 24

f2 =. 19 23 25 21

f3 =. 11 8 33 45

f4 =. 14 7 30 46

f5 =. 17 6 27 47

f0 =: f1;f2;f3;f4;f5

ff =: f0 & C.

FF =: ff^:_1

11 =. 9 11 17 15 NB. 1 is el, not one !!

12 =. 10 14 16 12

13 =. 0 18 45 44 NB. revised 2012/1/30

14 =. 3 21 48 41 NB. revised 2012/1/30

15 =. 6 24 51 38 NB. revised 2012/1/30

10 =: 11;12;13;14;15 NB. 10 is el zero

11 =: 10 & C. NB. 11 is el el

LL =: 11^:_1

b1 =. 36 38 44 42

b2 =. 37 41 43 39

b3 =. 2 9 51 35

b4 =. 1 12 52 32

b5 =. 0 15 53 29

b0 =: b1;b2;b3;b4;b5

bb =: b0 & C. NB. revised 2012/1/23 clockwise turn

BB =: bb^:_1 NB. revised 2012/1/23 counter clockwise turn

```

u1 =. 0 2 8 6
u2 =. 1 5 7 3
u3 =. 9 36 27 18
u4 =. 10 37 28 19
u5 =. 11 38 29 20
u0 =: u1;u2;u3;u4;u5
uu =: u0 & C.
UU =: uu^:_1

d1 =. 45 47 53 51
d2 =. 46 50 52 48
d3 =. 24 33 42 15
d4 =. 25 34 43 16
d5 =. 26 35 44 17
d0 =: d1;d2;d3;d4;d5
dd =: d0 & C.           NB. revised 2012/1/23 clockwise turn
DD =: dd^:_1            NB. revised 2012/1/23 counter clockwise turn

e1 =. 12 21 30 39
e2 =. 13 22 31 40
e3 =. 14 23 32 41
e0 =: e1;e2;e3
ee =: e0 & C.
EE =: ee^:_1

m1 =. 1 19 46 43
m2 =. 4 22 49 40
m3 =. 7 25 52 37
m0 =: m1;m2;m3
mm =: m0 & C.
MM =: mm^:_1

s1 =. 3 28 50 16
s2 =. 4 31 49 13
s3 =. 5 34 48 10
s0 =: s1;s2;s3
ss =: s0 & C.
SS =: ss^:_1
,,
)

```

NB. eg. display ALL_COL
display =: 3 : 0 NB. revised from displv3

```

y =. 6 9$y.
RD0 =. (3, 3)$ L:0 <"(1) }. } : y
RD1 =. (3, 3)$ L:0 (9#'');({. y);(9#'');(9#'')
RD2 =. (3, 3)$ L:0 (9#'');({: y);(9#'');(9#'')
RD3 =. RD1, RD0,: RD2
RD4 =. "": RD3
RD5 =. (' ') (<(i.4);(i.4)) } RD4
RD6 =. (' ') (<(i.4);(9+i.8)) } RD5
RD7 =. (' ') (<(9+i.4);(i.4)) } RD6
RD8 =. (' ') (<(9+i.4);(9+i.8)) } RD7
)

```

NB. indicate rotated angle values x, y, z in degree =====

```

drawtext =: verb define
glMatrixMode GL_MODELVIEW
glLoadIdentity ''
glColor 0 0 0 0
NB. if NL = 1 with Key = '-' , write two lines 2012/1/31
if. NL = 0
do.
    glRasterPos _2.3 2.1 0
    glCallLists Key
else.
    lin2mul Key NB. revised multilines 2012/2/1
end.
glRasterPos _2 _2.4 0
glCallLists (5 "": ROT) NB. rename from RR
)
```

NB. one line to multilines punctuated by '-' 2012/2/1

```

lin2mul =: 3 : 0
LIN =. y.
jj =. 0
while. '-' e. LIN
do.
    ii =. >: LIN i. '-'
    LIA =. ii{. LIN
    glRasterPos _2.3, (2.1-0.3*jj), 0
    glCallLists LIA
    LIB =. ii}. LIN
    LIN =. LIB
    jj =. jj + 1
end.
glRasterPos _2.3, (2.1-0.3*jj), 0

```

```

glCallLists LIB
)

aa_help_button =: verb define
wd 'mb OpenGL *Keys, x/X, y/Y, z/Z rotate, e/E, w/W, t/T, b/B, s/S, n/N move
Rubik.'
wd 'setfocus g'
)

aa_Reset_button=: 3 : 0
glClearColor 1 1 1 0
glClear GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT
NB. init_color initC
RUBX =: ,> RUBJ
if. initC = 21 do. RUBX =: ,> T_RUBMAN end.
if. initC = 31 do. RUBX =: ,> T_F8      end.
if. initC = 91 do. RUBX =: RUBA       end.

'U_COL L_COL F_COL R_COL B_COL D_COL' =: <"(1) 6 9$ col RUBX

ColInp =: {: initS NB. Select Color Input 0: Facet, 1: Color

draw_rubik ''
draw_frames ''
Key =: ''
drawtext ''
istep =: 0
glaSwapBuffers ''
wd 'set Program ""'
iPDA =: ''
wd 'setfocus g'
)

aa_Program_button=: 3 : 0
PDA =: Program
iPDA =: ''
RecDA =: RecDA, (*.PDA) NB. All Record (PDA + Key)
wd 'setfocus g'
)

NB. Compile 2012/1/8 =====
NB. e.g. On Edit Box, Enter "rubm 'RE' CR",
NB.      afterward push Compile button,
NB.      so Rubik Move Program, as follows, will appear on Edit Box
NB.      E R E R E R R e R e R R

```

```

NB.      this Program can run by Auto, Step Buttons.
aa_Compiler_button=: 3 : 0
wd 'set Program *', ". PDA
wd 'setfocus g'
)

iPDA =: ''
aa_Step_button=: 3 : 0
if. istep < #PDA
do.
    sel_col istep{PDA
    iPDA =: iPDA, istep{PDA
    wd 'set Program *', iPDA
    wd 'setfocus g'
    draw_rubik ''
    draw_frames ''
    glaSwapBuffers ''
    istep =: istep + 1
else.
    wd 'set Program "-program end-"
end.
wd 'setfocus g'
)

aa_Auto_button=: 3 : 0
wd 'set Program *', PDA
glClearColor 1 1 1 0
glClear GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT
init_color initC
sel_col L:0 <"(0) PDA
draw_rubik ''
draw_frames ''
Key =: ''
drawtext ''
glaSwapBuffers ''
wd 'setfocus g'
)

aa_ClearProg_button=: 3 : 0
PDA =: ''
wd 'set Program " "
wd 'setfocus g'
)

```

```

NB. Calc. Cubie Points =====
Point =: |. |: {(i:1);(i:1)

NB. Along -Z axis (looking far), square_numbered counter_clockwise! ====
boundary0 =: 3 : 0 NB. old version
'X Y' =. y.
((0.5+X), 0.5+Y);((_-0.5+X), 0.5+Y);((_-0.5+X), _0.5+Y);((0.5+X), _0.5+Y)
)
NB. Bound =: >, boundary0 L:0 Point

boundary =: 3 : 0 NB. revised for texture 2012/3/6
'X Y' =. y.
((_-0.5+X), 0.5+Y);((_-0.5+X), _0.5+Y);((0.5+X), _0.5+Y);((0.5+X), 0.5+Y)
)

Bound =: >, boundary L:0 Point NB. for Texture 2012/3/6

F_P =: (&1.5) L:0 Bound

R_P =. |. L:0 Bound
R_P =. ({. , (-@{:)) L:0 R_P
R_P =: (1.5&,) L:0 R_P

L_P =. |. L:0 Bound
L_P =: (_1.5&,) L:0 L_P

U_P =. ({. , (-@{:)) L:0 Bound
U_P =. (1.5&,) L:0 U_P
U_P =: ((1 0 2)&{}) L:0 U_P

D_P =. (_1.5&,) L:0 Bound
D_P =: ((1 0 2)&{}) L:0 D_P

B_P =. ((-@{.}, {:}) L:0 Bound
B_P =: (&_1.5) L:0 B_P

NB. Set Color of Cubies =====
face_col =: 3 : 0
:
i =. 0
while. i < 9 do.
    ("` i{x.) polygon >i{y.
    i =. i + 1
end.

```

```

)
polygon=: 4 : 0
glColor x.
glBegin GL_POLYGON
    glVertex y.
glEnd ,
)

draw_rubik =: 3 : 0
glMatrixMode GL_MODELVIEW
glLoadIdentity ,
glTranslate 0 0 _1
glRotate ROT ,. 3 3 $ 1 0 0 0      NB. rename from RR
glPolygonMode GL_FRONT, GL_FILL  NB. Front and Back: Full Paint
glPolygonMode GL_BACK, GL_POINT  NB. Back: Point(Hidden)

glBegin GL_QUADS

(>D_COL) face_col (0.6&*) L:0 D_P NB. reduced 0.6 size
(>L_COL) face_col (0.6&*) L:0 L_P
(>U_COL) face_col (0.6&*) L:0 U_P
(>R_COL) face_col (0.6&*) L:0 R_P
(>B_COL) face_col (0.6&*) L:0 B_P
(>F_COL) face_col (0.6&*) L:0 F_P
glEnd ,

)

NB. Frame Cubies == 2011/9/23 =====
face_frame =: 3 : 0
i =. 0
while. i < 9 do.
    fpolygon i{y.
    i =. i + 1
end.
)

fpolygon=: 3 : 0
glLineWidth 0.5

```

```

glColor 0 0 0
glBegin GL_POLYGON
    glVertex y.
glEnd ''
)

draw_frames =: 3 : 0
glMatrixMode GL_MODELVIEW
glLoadIdentity ''
glTranslate 0 0 _1
glRotate ROT ,. 3 3 $ 1 0 0 0
glPolygonMode GL_FRONT, GL_LINE NB. Front and Back: Full Paint
glPolygonMode GL_BACK, GL_POINT NB. Back: Point(Hidden)
face_frame > (0.6&*) L:0 F_P
face_frame > (0.6&*) L:0 U_P
face_frame > (0.6&*) L:0 R_P
face_frame > (0.6&*) L:0 L_P
face_frame > (0.6&*) L:0 B_P
face_frame > (0.6&*) L:0 D_P
)

tc =: 3 : 0
:
' I J R' =. x.
' X Y' =. y.
0 < (%:2)*R) - (%: +/ *: (X-I), (Y-J))
)

```

NB. project the picture on the screen =====

```

aa_g_size =: verb define
wh =. glqwh ''
glViewport 0 0, wh
glMatrixMode GL_PROJECTION
glLoadIdentity ''
glOrtho _2.5 2.5 _2.5 2.5 _2.5 2.5
NB. gluPerspective 60, (%/wh), 1 30
)

```

NB. べき乗を積の繰り返しへ =====

```

require 'system\main\regex.ijc'
NB.

```

NB. calc '(ER)3R(eR)3R' 2012/1/20
NB. ERERERReReReRR

```
calc := 3 : 0
y =. y. -. '
while. ' (' e. y do. y =. par2mul y end.
pow2mul y
)
```

NB. calc 'Fr2'
NB. calc 'ab3(xy2z)3d2'
NB. abbbxyzxyzxyzdd

NB. power to multiple - revised 2011/12/13
NB. pow2mul 'ab3xy2zxy2zxy2zd2'
NB. abbbxyzxyzxyzdd

```
pow2mul := 3 : 0
NB. single alpha to alpha + 1 - revised 2011/12/13
p =. y. , (: y.) NB. revised 12/14
PP =. 2 <Y p
PPP =. ; ad1 L:0 PP
NB. 'ab2c3' => 'abbccc'
P =. '[:alpha:]]+[:digit:]]' rxall PPP
P1 =. _1{ L:0 P
P2 =. _2{ L:0 P
P1 p2m P2
)
```

asc := a.&i.

alp := (64&<*<&123)@asc
num := (47&<*<&58)@asc

```
ad1 := 3 : 0
'A1 B1' =. y.
AD1 =. y.
if. alp B1 do. AD1 =. A1, '1' end.
if. num A1 do. AD1 =. '' end.
AD1
)
```

p2m := 3 : 0
:
n =. #y.

```

i =. 0
PM =. ''
while. i < n
do.
  PM =. PM , ("." >i{x.}) # (>i{y.})
  i =. i + 1
end.
PM
)

```

NB. かつこをはずす 2011/12/14 =====

```

NB.      par2mul 'ab3(xy2z)3d2'
NB. ab3xy2zxy2zxy2zd2
par2mul =: 3 : 0
P0 =. '.*($(.+$)).*' rxmatches y.  NB. $P=1 2 2
P2 =. ,{:"2 P0                      NB. take 2nd row of P
P3 =. (. P2) + i. {: P2
Q0 =. P3 { y.
A =. (. P2) {. y.
B =. (>: >:{: P3) . y.
C =. (>: {: P3) { y.
Q1 =. }. }{: Q0
Q =. , ("." C) #, : Q1
A, Q, B
)

```

```

NB.      unpar 'ab3(xy2z)3d2(p2q)2e3'
NB. ab3xy2zxy2zxy2zd2p2qp2qe3
unpar =: 3 : 0
np =. +/ '( = y.
i =. 0
R =. y.
while. i < np
do.
  R =. par2mul R
  i =. i + 1
end.
R
)

```

NB. Alpha(Large) + underbar(_) => alpha(small)
val=: a. & i.

```
to_small =: (32&+) &. val  
to_large =: (-&32) &. val
```

```
NB. eg. und2small 'AB_CDE_F' => 'AbCDeF'  
und2small =: 3 : 0  
Y =. [:[:alpha:]]$_` (to_small@{.) rxapply y.  
)
```

NB. Joyner's Notation ======
J_DA =: (9##) L:0 'L';'F';'R';'B';'U';'D'

```
NB. Joyner to Shimanouchi  
Joy2Sim =: 3 : 0  
Y1 =: und2small y.  
Y2 =: pow2mul unpar Y1  
Y3 =. J2S Y2  
)
```

```
J2S =: 3 : 0"(0)  
select. y.  
case. 'F' do. 's'  
case. 'R' do. 'e'  
case. 'L' do. 'w'  
case. 'B' do. 'n'  
case. 'U' do. 't'  
case. 'D' do. 'b'  
case. 'S' do. 'i'  
case. 'M' do. 'j'  
case. 'E' do. 'k'  
case. 'f' do. 'S'  
case. 'r' do. 'E'  
case. 'l' do. 'W'  
case. 'b' do. 'N'  
case. 'u' do. 'T'  
case. 'd' do. 'B'  
case. 's' do. 'I'  
case. 'm' do. 'J'  
case. 'e' do. 'K'  
end.  
)
```

```
Sim2Joy =: 3 : ', S2J y.'
```

```

S2J =: 3 : 0"(0)
select. y.
  case. 'T' do. 'u'
  case. 't' do. 'U'
  case. 'N' do. 'b'
  case. 'n' do. 'B'
  case. 'B' do. 'd'
  case. 'b' do. 'D'
  case. 'S' do. 'f'
  case. 's' do. 'F'
  case. 'E' do. 'r'
  case. 'e' do. 'R'
  case. 'W' do. 'l'
  case. 'w' do. 'L'
end.
)

val=: a. & i.
chr=: val ^:_1

to_large =: (chr@(val - (32"_)))
to_small =: (chr@(val + (32"_)))

NB. e.g. display ". (rubman 'FE'), ' ALL_COJ'
NB. Rubik's Maneauver p.25
NB. for display
rubman =: 3 : 0
'p q' =. y.
P =. p, p
Q =. q, q
M1 =. P, '&', , 3 9$P, '&', Q, '&'
M2 =. P, '&', , 3 9$P, '&', (to_small Q), '&'
M2, '&', M1
)

NB. copy the output by mouse, then paste it on the edit box
NB. e.g. rubm 'RE' => 'E R E R E R R e R e R R'
NB. input onto the edit box, "rubm 'RE' CR"
rubm =: 3 : 0
'P Q' =. y.
M1 =: (, 3 4$Q, ' ', P, ' '), P
M2 =: (, 3 4$(to_small Q), ' ', P, ' '), P
M1, ' ', M2
)

```

```

rubc =: 3 : 0
'P Q' =. y.
D1 =: calc '(,Q,'2',P,'2)3',P,'2'
D2 =: calc '(,(to_small Q),'2',P,'2)3',P,'2'
NB. C1 =: calc '(E2F2)3F2'
NB. C2 =: calc '(e2F2)3F2'
D12 =: D1, D2
_2 }. , (14 2$D12), "(1) ' & '
)

```

NB. display revised Joyner's notation in number
 NB. revised 2012/3/1
 NB. e.g. RUBIK_DISPLAY ''

NB. test Rubik Maneuver sample cycle
 N_TRMAN =: (14 21;23 30) C. i. 54
 NB. display Rubik Maneuver in number => RUBIK_DISPLAY N_TRMAN

```

RUBIK_DISPLAY =: 3 : 0
RUB0 =. 7 10$', '
if. 0 = # y.
  do. NB. Original Index
    RUB =. <"(0) 3 3$i.9
    RUB1 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB
    RUB2 =. ": 2": L:(0) 9 + L:0 RUB
    RUB3 =. ": 18 + L:0 RUB
    RUB4 =. ": 27 + L:0 RUB
    RUB5 =. ": 36 + L:0 RUB
    RUB6 =. ": 45 + L:0 RUB
else. NB. Index from argument y. e.g. Rubik Maneuver test
  RR =: (6, 9)$ y.
  RRA =: <"(1) RR
  'RUB1 RUB2 RUB3 RUB4 RUB5 RUB6' =: (3, 3) $ L:1 <"(0) L:0 RRA
  RUB1 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB1
  RUB2 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB2
  RUB3 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB3
  RUB4 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB4
  RUB5 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB5
  RUB6 =. ": 2": L:0 RUB6
end.
RUB11 =. RUB0, "(1) RUB1, "(1) RUB0, "(1) RUB0
RUB22 =. RUB2, "(1) RUB3, "(1) RUB4, "(1) RUB5
RUB33 =. RUB0, "(1) RUB6, "(1) RUB0, "(1) RUB0

```

RUB11, RUB22, RUB33
)

NB. RDJ =: ' U L F R B D '
NB. display RDJ

NB. Several Idioms from 「宝島社」攻略本 =====

NB. 上段コーナー・キューブへの移動 p. 13

```
cmove := 3 : 0 NB. revised x. argument no. 2012/2/22
:
R =. 1}y.
r =. to_small R
F =. 0}y.
f =. to_small F
select. x.
case. 1 do. R, f, r, F NB. p. 13A
case. _1 do. f, R, F, r NB. p. 13B
case. 3 do. R, f, r, F, R, f, r, F, R, f, r, F NB. p. 13C
case. 2 do. R, f, r, F, R, f, r, F NB. p. 13D twist-cw of corner cubelet
case. _2 do. f, R, F, r, f, R, F, r NB. p. 13E twist-ccw of corner
cubelet
end.
return.
if. 0 = #y.
do.
select. x.
case. 1 do. 'RfrF' NB. p. 13A
case. 2 do. 'fRFr' NB. p. 13B
case. 3 do. 'RfrF RfrF RfrF' NB. p. 13C
case. 4 do. 'RfrF RfrF' NB. p. 13D
case. 5 do. 'fRFr fRFr' NB. p. 13E
end.
else.
select. x. NB. e.g. 3 cmove 'BL' => 'Lb1B Lb1B'
case. 1 do. (1}y.), (to_small 0}y.), (to_small 1}y.), (0}y.)
NB. p. 13A
case. 2 do. (to_small 0}y.), (1}y.), (0}y.), (to_small 1}y.)
NB. p. 13B
case. 3 do. ya, ya, ya =. (1}y.), (to_small 0}y.), (to_small 1}y.),
(0}y.) NB. p. 13C
case. 4 do. ya, ya =. (1}y.), (to_small 0}y.), (to_small 1}y.), (0}y.)
NB. p. 13D
case. 5 do. yb, yb =. (to_small 0}y.), (1}y.), (0}y.), (to_small 1}y.)
NB. p. 13E
end.
end.
)
```

NB. 上段エッジ・キューブの移動 p. 14, 15

```

NB. e.g. 1 emov 'R', 2 emove 'F', 3 emov 'L'
emov =: 3 : 0 NB. revised 2012/2/5
:
if. 1 = ColInp do. y =. col2fac y. else. y =. y. end.
select. y
case. 'R' do.
    select. x. case. 1 do. z =. 'RsrS'      NB. p. 14B rotate clockwise 90 deg
        case. 2 do. z =. 'RRsrrS'      NB. p. 14A rotate clockwise 180 deg
        case. 3 do. z =. 'RRRsrrrS'    NB. p. 14C rotate clockwise 270 deg
        case. 4 do. z =. 'sRSr'       NB. p. 14D
        case. 5 do. z =. 'RErrEERE'   NB. p. 14E and Revised
    end.
case. 'B' do.
    select. x. case. 1 do. z =. 'BMbm'
        case. 2 do. z =. 'BBMbbm'
        case. 3 do. z =. 'BBBMbbbb'
        case. 4 do. z =. 'MBmb'
        case. 5 do. z =. 'BEbbEEBE'
    end.
case. 'L' do.
    select. x. case. 1 do. z =. 'LSls'
        case. 2 do. z =. 'LLSlls'
        case. 3 do. z =. 'LLSllls'
        case. 4 do. z =. 'SLs1'
        case. 5 do. z =. 'LE11EELE'
    end.
case. 'F' do.
    select. x. case. 1 do. z =. 'FmfM'
        case. 2 do. z =. 'FFmfFM'
        case. 3 do. z =. 'FFFmfFFM'
        case. 4 do. z =. 'mFMf'
        case. 5 do. z =. 'FEffEEFE'
    end.
end.
if. 1 = ColInp do. z =. colx z end.
z
)

```

```

NB. e.g. 2 emov '' => 'RRsrrS'
emov0 =: 3 : 0
:
if. 0 = #y.
    do.
NB.
else.

```

```

'R s r S' =. (0}y.), (to_small 1}y.), (to_small 0}y.), (1}y.)
end.
select. x.
  case. 1 do. 'RsrS'
  case. 2 do. 'RRsrrS'
  case. 3 do. 'RRRsrrrS'
  case. _1 do. 'rsRS'
end.
)

```

NB. 下段コーナー・キューブの位置の交換 p.17

```

NB. cpos
cpos =: 3 : 0
if. 1 = ColInp do. y =. col2fac y. else. y =. y. end.
select. y
  case. 'F' do. z =. 'bDBrBRbDD'
  case. 'R' do. z =. 'lDLbLB1DD'
  case. 'B' do. z =. 'fDF1FLfDD'
  case. 'L' do. z =. 'rDRfRFrDD'
end.
if. 1 = ColInp do. z =. colx z end.
z
)

```

NB. 下段コーナー・キューブの向きの交換 p.19

```

cdir =: 3 : 0
if. 1 = ColInp do. y =. col2fac y. else. y =. y. end.
z =. (to_small y), 'DD', (y), 'D', (to_small y), 'D', (y), 'DD'
NB. 'bDBDBbDBDD'
if. 1 = ColInp do. z =. colx z end.
)

```

NB. 下段のエッジ部分に中段からエッジ・キューブを移動する p.21

```

dfrch =: 3 : 0
:
if. 1 = ColInp do. y =. col2fac y. else. y =. y. end.
select. x.
  case. 1 do. z =. (y), 'e', (to_small y), 'E', (to_small y), 'e', (y)
  case. _1 do. z =. (to_small y), 'E', (y), 'e', (y), 'E', (to_small y)
  case. 2 do.
    z =. (y), 'e', (to_small y), (to_small y), 'e', (y), 'e', (to_small y), 'E',
    (y), 'e', (y), 'E', (to_small y)
end.
NB. case. 1 do. 'RerEreR'           NB. from BR-edge to DR-edge
NB. case. _1 do. 'rEReREr'          NB. from FR-edge to DR-edge

```

NB. case. 2 do. 'RerreRe rEReRer' NB. exchange RD-edge to DR-edge
NB. end.
if. 1 = ColInp do. z =. colx z end.
)

NB. 中段エッジ・キューブの位置の交換 modified of p. 23
epos =: 3 : 0
if. 1 = ColInp do. y =. col2fac y. else. y =. y. end.
z =. y, y, 'e', y, y, 'E'
NB. 'FFeFFE'
if. 1 = ColInp do. z =. colx z end.
)

NB. 上段または下段エッジ・キューブの巡回置換 Joyner p. 355 の手順 1

NB. e.g. ecycle 'U', or, ecycle 'D'
ecycle =: 3 : 0
NB. 1 ecycle y.
if. 1 = ColInp do. y =. col2fac y. else. y =. y. end.
x =. 'D'
NB. select. x.
NB. case. 1 do. x =. 'D'
NB. case. 2 do. x =. 'U' NB. need revised !!
NB. end.
select. y
case. 'F' do. z =. 'mm', (to_small x), 'M', x, x, 'm', (to_small x), 'mm'
case. 'B' do. z =. 'MM', (to_small x), 'm', x, x, 'M', (to_small x), 'MM'
case. 'R' do. z =. 'ss', (to_small x), 'S', x, x, 's', (to_small x), 'ss'
case. 'L' do. z =. 'SS', (to_small x), 's', x, x, 'S', (to_small x), 'SS'
end.
if. 1 = ColInp do. z =. colx z end.
)

NB. 上段または下段エッジ・キューブのクロス交換 Joyner p. 355 の手順 7

NB. e.g. ecross 'U' (上段), ecross 'D' (下段)
ecross =: 3 : 0
z =. calc 'F2L2', (y.), '2(F2L2)3', (y.), '2L2F2'
)

NB. Joyner p. 92-93, p. 355 / swap two pairs of edges

eswap2 =: 3 : 0
'p q' =: y.
z =. p, p, q, q, p, p, q, q, p, p, q, q
)

NB. Generate Rubik Problem by Rundom Numbers =====

NB. e. g. rnd 8 => 'gkRWOrGw'

rnd =: 3 : 0

RND =. 'uU1LfFrRbBdD'

if. 1 = ColInp do. RND =. 'bBkKrRgGo0wW' end.

(y. ? 12) { RND

)

NB. Several Initial Settings =====

NB. run 10, 1 for start

RecDA1 =: 'gkRWOrGw'

RecDA2 =: RecDA1, 'wkbOkKw'

RecDA3 =: RecDA2, 'RkrK'